

16. Photoluminescence Properties of Eu³⁺ Doped NaMg₃Al(MoO₄)₅ Red Phosphors

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Abstract

A simple combustion synthesis of NaMg₃Al(MoO₄)₅:Eu³⁺ phosphors is described. Photoluminescence characterization of prepared phosphors is carried out. Intense red emission for NaMg₃Al_{1-x}(MoO₄)₅:xEu³⁺ (x=7%) phosphor is observed peaking at 617 nm when excited by UV light, whereas, maximum PL intensity is observed for NaMg₃Al_{1-x}(MoO₄)₅:xEu³⁺ (x=7%) phosphor annealed at 750^oC centered around 594 nm and 617 nm upon excited by 290 UV radiations. The emission intensity of Eu³⁺ ions in the NaMg₃Al(MoO₄)₅ host largely enhanced with the concentration increasing of activator (Eu³⁺). Intense characteristic emissions show no concentration quenching up to 5 mol% concentration of rare earth ion and the emission intensity reached the maximum at x=7%. The optical properties of this material lead us to state that it may serve as a promising material for use as lamp phosphor in the red region

1. Introduction

Molybdates have found many applications, for example as catalysts, laser materials, solid-state electrolytes [1-5]. Recently, a new group of ternary molybdates with general formula NaM₃^{II}M^{III}(MoO₄)₅, where M^{II} = Mg, Ni, Co, Mn, Fe; M^{III} = Al, In, Fe, Cr; has drawn attention since these molybdates may find application as solid-state electrolytes with sodium cation conductivity [6-8]. The iron containing molybdates are also suitable model systems for magnetic interactions because in this structure FeO₆ octahedra are separated from each other by MoO₄

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